

Open Government Partnership National Action Plan 2013-2014 Self-Evaluation Report

INTRODUCTION

Hungary's Commitment

The Fundamental Law of Hungary announced on 25 April, 2011 and entered into force on 1 January, 2012 lays down several fundamental principles determining the form and content of governance and decision-making. The Fundamental Law stipulates, among others that Hungary shall enforce the principle of balanced, transparent and sustainable budget management [Article N paragraph (1)]. A significant fundamental principle consistently enforced by the courts since the period of the 1989 change of regime is that every person shall have the right to the protection of his or her personal data, as well as to have access to and impart information of public interest [Article VI paragraph (2)]. In order to enhance its more efficient functioning, increase the quality of its public services, achieve greater transparency in public affairs, and to promote equal opportunities, the State shall endeavour the application of new technological solutions and the achievements of science [Article XXVI]. Pursuant to the provision of the Fundamental Law on a transparent budget the bills on the central budget and on its implementation shall contain the state expenditures and revenues in the same structure, in a transparent manner and in reasonable detail [Article 36 paragraph (2)]. The Fundamental Law sets out important requirements to the Government by stipulating that the Government shall implement the Act on the central budget lawfully and expediently, with efficient management of public funds and ensuring transparency [Article 37 paragraph (1)].

In implementing the provisions of the Fundamental Law there are special responsibilities resting with the Government as the general organ defining the preparation and enforcement of decision-making. From among the four open government objectives (enhancing access to government data, supporting social participation, applying the highest level of professional integrity in public administration, new technologies for openness and accountability) defined by the Open Government Partnership initiative, Hungary has laid emphasis on strengthening the integrity of public administration. The primary reason for this is that in 2011 the Government launched a large-scale public administration development programme and in connection with this programme also adopted a two year programme for the prevention of corruption and the strengthening of integrity. Accession to the Open Government Partnership initiative and the adoption of the Action Plan on Hungary's commitments has given new impetus to and provided new partnership experiences for the transformation of Hungarian public administration. In accordance with the preparation of this self-evaluation report, Hungary hereby re-enforces his commitment to the principles of the Open Government Declaration and to the active participation in the Open Government Partnership initiative.

Accession to the Open Government Partnership initiative

The idea of Hungary's accession to the Open Government Partnership (OGP) initiative was raised in the course of the preparation of the corruption prevention programme in February, 2012. The proposal received from the civil society was adopted and the preparation of accession to the Open Government Declaration incorporated by the Government into the tasks set out by Government Decree No. 1104/2012. (IV. 6.).

Following technical preparation the Government adopted in July, 2012 Government Decree No. 1227/2012. (VII. 6.) on Hungary's accession to the Open Government Partnership international initiative, on the basis of which Hungary joined the Open Government Partnership initiative of the acceding countries. With consideration to the fact that Hungary acceded to the initiative among the cohort 3 countries Hungary had to prepare its first Action Plan by the end of March, 2013. The preparatory work was started in September, 2012 following the announcement of accession.

PREPARATION OF THE NATIONAL ACTION PLAN

Consultation in the course of preparation

The first civil proposals for the contents of the National Action Plan for the Open Government Partnership were already submitted in May, 2012 to the Ministry of Public Administration and Justice responsible for the preparation of the OGP Action Plan. In the course of the preparation, in September, 2012, the ministry first presented the objectives of the Open Government Partnership initiative and the process of developing and implementing the Hungarian Action Plan at the consultations that were also attended by the representatives of the organs of public administration, then in two rounds also discussed the evolving action plan with the civil organisations that attended the former anti-corruption consultations. On the basis of the consultations and the proposals of the civil organisations the first draft of the National Action Plan was developed. Prior to the approval of the draft, in accordance with the law, the Government submitted the draft electronically for a 15-day social consultation, ensuring the possibility for every citizen to make comments and proposals.

Following the closure of the consultations, in February the Government discussed and adopted Government Decision No. 1080/2013 (II.25.) on the approval of the Action Plan on Hungary's commitments to be made in the framework of the Open Government Partnership international initiative. The approved Action Plan set out the objective to strengthen the integrity of public administration. An important aspect in defining the commitments was to set realistic objectives and ensure the financial conditions required for implementation.

The Ministry of Public Administration and Justice responsible for the implementation submitted the National Action Plan to the OGP Steering Committee, and then presented it to the countries participating in the initiative at the OGP Meeting held in London, in April, 2013. As a result of the long consultation process of multiple rounds also providing the opportunity for commenting in person and in writing, Hungary's first Open Government Action Plan is a document that also takes the professional opinions and social requirements into consideration and lays great emphasis on the

feasibility of the measures and positive acceptance of the initiative by public administration and the society. Given the fact that the Open Government Partnership is to be considered a new initiative, the Government expects the successful implementation of the first Action Plan to give impetus to setting further ambitious objectives.

Consultation in the course of implementation

Following the ad-hoc preparatory consultations with the civil society, in December, 2012 the Government established a high-level Civil Consultation Forum to follow-up, among other things, the approval and implementation of the OGP Action Plan. At the new consultations held on a monthly basis the interested organisations were given regular information on the status of implementing the Hungarian Action Plan, the achieved results and the planned measures. At the consultations the Government was represented at the Secretary of State level, therefore, the participants had the opportunity to meet experts and directly contact the political leaders and learn information from them. Memorandum were prepared about the consultations and also submitted to the participants in a written form.

In April, 2013 five civil organisations attending the consultations decided not to participate future consultations because of the amendment of the Act on informational self-determination and freedom of information („Privacy Act”), so the consultations were held during the period until the 2014 elections without the participation of the representatives of these organisations.

From 1 March, 2013, the Ministry of Public Administration and Justice launched a website in Hungarian (<http://korrupciomegelozes.kormany.hu/>) and in English (<http://corruptionprevention.gov.hu>) to follow-up the implementation of the Open Government Partnership National Action Plan. The website served to inform the broader public on the current issues and consultations on the implementation of the National Action Plan and provided access to the documents related to the implementation of the Action Plan.

In addition to the consultation with the citizens and civil organisations the Ministry of Public Administration and Justice responsible for the implementation of the National Action Plan laid also great emphasis on cooperation with the other organs of public administration. In implementing the Hungarian Action Plan the Ministry closely cooperated, among others, with the State Audit Office, National University of Public Service, Hungarian Government Officials Corps, Hungarian State Treasury, Ministry of National Development, Ministry of the Interior, and Office of the Commissioner for Fundamental Rights.

Consultation in the course of self-evaluation

In the new government structure being established after the April, 2014 elections the Open Government Partnership tasks were taken over by the Ministry of the Interior, meaning that the preparation of the self-evaluation report on the implementation of the National Action Plan was

already a task of this ministry. Independently of the transformation of the government structure also the Ministry of the Interior lays great emphasis on the dialogue with the social partners.

Prior to finalisation, the Hungarian self-evaluation report prepared following the expert consultation was submitted by the ministry for a two week social debate on the government website and the <http://korrupciomegelozes.kormany.hu> website. The summary of the consultation results prepared by the Ministry of the Interior are available on the <http://korrupciomegelozes.kormany.hu> website.

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE COMMITMENTS IN THE NATIONAL ACTION PLAN

The major part of the commitments in the National Action Plan have significantly or fully been performed (75%) but there are also other commitments the implementation of which requires further measures. The status of the implementation of the Action Plan is shown in the below summary table and the most essential information on the various commitments are detailed under Commitments in Annex No. 2. (The additional commitments presented at the London OGP Summit and included in the next Action Plan are not contained in this table.)

	Commitments	Not performed	Limited performance	Significant performance	Performed
	Improving publicity of budgetary data				X
	Improving searchability of procurement data				X
	Extending compliance checks to the performance of disclosure obligations		X		
	Reviewing the public procurement act and the national and Community budgetary financial assistance systems				X
	Holding an open meeting when utilisation of local government property and procurement issues are discussed		X		
	Disclosing public proposals of local government bodies		X		
	Ensuring participation of the organs of public administration in the Integrity Survey conducted by the State Audit Office				X
	Introducing an integrity management system in central administration				X
	Establishing the institutional system of whistleblower protection				X
	Regulating rules applicable to state organs dealing with lobbyists				X

	Adding the corruption risk analysis to the preliminary impact assessment			X	
	Elaboration Codes of Professional Ethics				X
	Providing trainings on integrity, corruption prevention and ethics				X
	Providing freedom of information training elements in the training system of state organs		X		
	Launching an information campaign			X	
	Including the subject of corruption prevention in school curricula and education				X
	Total:	0	4	2	10

SUMMARY OF EXPERIENCES

Since it was in 2012 that Hungary acceded to the Open Government Partnership initiative during the 2012-2014 period the country had the simultaneous task to learn the organisation's mechanism, prepare and implement the National Action Plan. The implementation of the commitments was facilitated by the fact that the Ministry of Public Administration and Justice was the primary and single organ responsible for implementation. Although this organisational solution facilitated the implementation of the tasks, due to the scope of tasks and authority of the Ministry of Public Administration and Justice it also meant overburden on the ministry's available human resources. In implementing the tasks the Ministry of Public Administration and Justice continuously endeavoured to cooperate with the civil organisations and have a direct, high-level dialogue. To this end, from the end of 2012, the technical consultations were conducted with a monthly frequency, at the Secretary of State level, allowing the civil organisations concerned to have direct dialogue with the decision-makers.

At the start of the programme the effort to reduce the lack of trust between the Government and various representatives of the civil society was successful only to a certain extent and further close and confidence-building cooperation is needed to enhance it.

Hungary's accession to the Open Government Partnership initiative also represented multiple advantages, such as:

- focusing the attention to the importance of open governance;
- contributing to the learning of international good practices;
- providing framework for the Government developments related to the issue;
- providing the opportunity for closer cooperation with the citizens, civil society organisations and governmental organs .

In developing and implementing the first National Action Plan numerous experiences have been accumulated, which can be utilised in preparing and implementing the second National Action Plan. The most important experiences are:

- common efforts and results enhance confidence between the cooperating partners (citizens, civil society, business sector, government);
- in the future greater emphasis shall be laid on cooperation with the business sector;
- Hungary shall cooperate more actively in the international scene by sharing its knowledge and good experiences related to the issue;

- the implementation of the Action Plan requires to mobilise capacities higher than those existing and Hungary's political commitment for open government shall be further strengthened.

Organisations participating in civil consultation

- American - Hungarian Chamber of Commerce (AmCham)
- Átlátszó.hu
- Corvinus University of Budapest, Corruption Research Centre
- Budapest Institute
- Civil Unity Forum – Civil Unity Public Benefit Foundation (CÖF-CÖKA)
- Council of Geopolitics
- Hungarian Conquest 2000 Association
- Freedom Protection Foundation
- Joint Venture Association
- K-Monitor Association
- Environmental Management and Law Association (EMLA)
- National University of Public Service
- Association of Women for the Hungarian Nation
- Hungarian Government Officials Corps
- British Chamber of Commerce in Hungary
- Hungarian Civil Liberties Union (TASZ)
- Transparency International Hungary

1. Improving publicity of budgetary data				
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice		
Other involved actors	Government	Ministry for National Economy Hungarian State Treasury		
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation			
Main objective of the commitment		Enhancing the transparency of public funds		
Description of the commitment		<i>To better inform citizens on public funds Hungary commits itself to present the data and the amendments of the draft central budget and the implemented budget also numerically and graphically, broken down to COFOG level 2 (Classification of the Functions of Government) developed by the United Nations.</i>		
Significance	Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability	
	X			
Level of performance	Not started	Limited	Significant	Performed
				X
Expected results		Reliable, relevant comparative data of the expenditure structure of the budget.		
Description of the results		In 2013 the Ministry carried out several consultations with the Hungarian State Treasury and the Ministry for National Economy on the possible ways of implementing the task and on the frameworks of necessary cooperation. On the basis of the consultations the bodies concerned compiled the data and disclosed them on the http://www.allamkincstar.gov.hu/kincstar/funkcionalis_merleg_k website together with the information and descriptions. The data are also displayed on the website in editable, numerical and graphic forms.		
Next steps		Long-term sustainability and further developing the visual display of available data.		
Further information				

2. Improving searchability of procurement data				
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice		
Other involved actors	Government	Ministry of National Development Public Procurement Authority		
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation	Transparency International Hungary K-Monitor Association		
Main objective of the commitment		Enhancing the transparency of public procurements		
Description of the commitment		<p><i>To ensure publicity of the public procurement data, Hungary commits itself to publish the public procurement announcements and other public procurement communications (public procurement data to be compulsorily published, as a legal requirement, in official public procurement journals or on the public procurement central public website) in a way that a unique, permanent ID number is attached to each procurement body, except for the case of legal succession, and also to each concrete public procurement procedure in the course of the given procedure. As a result of this each published public procurement document can be easily searched and inquired on the basis of the unique ID number of the body concerned and the given concrete procedure.</i></p>		
Significance	Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability	
	X			
Level of performance	Not started	Limited	Significant	Performed
				X
Expected results		Improved transparency and searchability of public procurements		
Description of the results		<p>With the Public Procurement Database established the task was performed. Based on the amendment of the new public procurement act, from 1 July, 2013 and from 1 November, 2013 the scope of data that may and shall be disclosed increased significantly and the browser also became more user friendly. On the new browser the data can also be searched on the basis of the ID numbers of the given body and process. Access to the Public Procurement Database: http://kba.kozbeszerzes.hu/apex/f?p=103:35:1177745506470728</p>		
Next steps		Further developing the Public Procurement Database on the basis of the user feedbacks.		
Further information				
Presentation on the database changes: http://kozbeszerzes.hu/data/documents/2013/11/27/Nagy_Andr%C3%A1s_2013-11.pdf				

3. Extending compliance checks to the performance of disclosure obligations				
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice		
Other involved actors	Government, Public	State Audit Office		
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation			
Main objective of the commitment		Enhancing transparent operation and access to public data		
Description of the commitment		<p><i>To ensure publicity of the contracts concluded for the utilisation of the public good and the use of public funds, Hungary commits itself to ensure - if necessary, by amending the legal regulations - that:</i></p> <p><i>a) the checks conducted by governmental public organs and organs independent from the government, which are authorised for compliance checks shall also include the performance of disclosure obligations.</i></p>		
Significance	Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability	
			X	
Level of performance	Not started	Limited	Significant	Performed
		X		
Expected results		Better performance of disclosure obligations		
Description of the results		<p>The commitment affects the Government Control Office and the State Audit Office. The task can be implemented by amending and supplementing the internal rules of procedure determining the controlling practice of the organs concerned and by expressing their commitment to the enforcement of the freedom of information in practice. In conducting the compliance checks the State Audit Office - based on its six-month control programme - shall also check the performance of disclosure obligations.</p>		
Next steps		Drawing conclusions of findings from the performance of disclosure obligations.		
Further information				

4. Reviewing the public procurement act and the national and Community budgetary financial assistance systems				
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice		
Other involved actors	Government			
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation			
Main objective of the commitment		Strengthening the integrity of public administration		
Description of the commitment		<p><i>To ensure publicity of the contracts concluded for the utilisation of the public good and the use of public funds, Hungary commits itself to ensure - if necessary, by amending the legal regulations:</i></p> <p><i>b) the review - from the point of view of corruption risks - of the experiences gained in applying the public procurement act and the set of rules of national and Community budgetary financial assistance, with special regard to compliance with the legal regulations on the freedom of electronic information, paying special attention to the possible form and content of further enhancing publicity;</i></p>		
Significance	Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability	
	X			
Level of performance	Not started	Limited	Significant	Performed
				X
Expected results		More transparent conditions in the field of public procurements and EU funds		
Description of the results		<p>The Act on the amendment of Act CVIII of 2011 on public procurements significantly extended the use of the Public Procurement Database. In the course of reviewing the Community assistance system - in accordance with the provisions of the Fundamental Law - from 1 September, 2013 only the businesses complying with the transparency requirements shall be entitled to receive EU support, and also the about 46.000 organisations having received support so far shall be required to complete the new transparency declaration.</p>		
Next steps		Consistently enforcing the rules also in the future		
Further information				
Access to the list of the concerned businesses: http://palyazat.gov.hu/atlathatosag				

5. Holding an open meeting when utilisation of local government property and procurement issues are discussed				
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice		
Other involved actors	Government	Ministry of the Interior		
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation	Association of Cities with County Right		
Main objective of the commitment		Broadening publicity of the decisions on the utilisation of local government property and procurement		
Description of the commitment		<p><i>To ensure publicity of the contracts concluded for the utilisation of the public good and the use of public funds, Hungary commits itself to ensure - if necessary, by amending the legal regulations that:</i></p> <p><i>c) in respect of the utilisation of local government property and procurement issues open meetings shall be held, except for the meetings evaluating the tender procedures, if the tenderer or the applicant decides not to publish a part of his proposal because that constitutes a business secret related to his own activity and is not related to the essential elements of the contract to be concluded, or, if that would violate the business secret of the company owned by the local government.</i></p>		
Significance		Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability
				X
Level of performance		Not started	Limited	Significant
			X	
Expected results		Clearer rules in making decisions about the utilisation of local government property		
Description of the results		Having started the implementation both the Association of Cities with County Right and the Ministry of the Interior considered it necessary to modify the Action Plan point and harmonize the local government interest to be protected and the public interest subject to publicity. The consultations between the concerned ministries on the way of implementing the task did, however, not lead to any result, therefore, the commitment was only performed to a limited extent.		
Next steps		Specifying the task and analysing the possibilities in order to better inform the public		
Further information				

6. Disclosing public proposals of local government bodies					
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice			
Other involved actors	Government	Ministry of the Interior			
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation	Association of Cities with County Right			
Main objective of the commitment		Broadening the publicity of municipal decisions			
Description of the commitment		<p><i>To ensure publicity of the contracts concluded for the utilisation of the public good and the use of public funds, Hungary commits itself to ensure - if necessary, by amending the legal regulations that:</i></p> <p><i>d) the open proposals of the local government body shall be disclosed together with the invitation on the local government's website, after sending out the invitation.</i></p>			
Significance		Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability	
		X			
Level of performance		Not started	Limited	Significant	Performed
			X		
Expected results		Better traceability and transparency of local government decisions			
Description of the results		<p>Having started the implementation both the Association of Cities with County Right and the Ministry of the Interior considered it necessary to modify the Action Plan point and duly regulate the public interest subject to publicity and the way of disclosure. The consultations between the concerned ministries on the way of implementing the task did, however, not lead to any result, therefore, the commitment was only performed to a limited extent.</p>			
Next steps		Specify the task and analyse the possibilities in order to better inform the public			
Further information					

7. Ensuring participation of the organs of public administration in the Integrity Survey conducted by the State Audit Office				
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice		
Other involved actors	Government, Public	State Audit Office		
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation			
Main objective of the commitment		Strengthening the integrity of public administration		
Description of the commitment		<i>Hungary commits itself to ensure participation of the public sector organisations and the state owned companies in the Integrity Survey conducted by the State Audit Office.</i>		
Significance		Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability
				X
Level of performance		Not started	Limited	Significant
				X
Expected results		Strengthening commitment for integrity and transparent operation in the budgetary sphere		
Description of the results		In relation to the renewed 2013 integrity questionnaire of the State Audit Office the Ministry of Public Administration and Justice participated in the testing of the IT system processing the questionnaires, and with the ministerial letter of request submitted to the heads of the budgetary organs also supported the 2013 survey. As against the data from the previous years, in 2013 the questionnaire was completed by 40 percent more (1,463) budgetary organs, in 2014 this number further increased by seven percent (1,584 completing bodies).		
Next steps		Publishing the data and results of the 2014 Integrity Survey		
Further information				
Integrity Survey by the State Audit Office: http://integritas.asz.hu/asz The 2014 Integrity Survey: http://integritas.asz.hu/index.php?page=hirek&id=163				

8. Introducing an integrity management system in central administration				
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice		
Other involved actors	Government, international organisation	Ministries Government offices Other state administrative bodies		
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation, university	National University of Public Service		
Main objective of the commitment		Strengthening the integrity of public administration		
Description of the commitment		<i>Hungary commits itself to introduce an integrity management system in central administration.</i>		
Significance		Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability
				X
Level of performance		Not started	Limited	Significant
				X
Expected results		Increasing the level of integrity of public administration		
Description of the results		Government Decree no. 50/2013. (II. 25.) on the integrity management system of organs of public administration and on the procedural rules applicable to dealing with lobbyists entered into force on 27 March, 2013. In connection with the Decree the National University of Public Service started the training of integrity advisers, the Ministry of Public Administration and Justice assists their work by issuing methodological guidance and providing professional further trainings.		
Next steps		Further developing the integrity management system operation		
Further information				
Access to the regulations: http://net.jogtar.hu/jr/gen/hjegy_doc.cgi?docid=A1300050.KOR				

9. Establishing the institutional system of whistleblower protection		
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice
Other involved actors	Government	Office of the Commissioner for Fundamental Rights National Authority for Data Protection and Freedom of Information

	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation	
Main objective of the commitment	Establishing the institutional system of whistleblower protection	
Description of the commitment	<i>Hungary commits itself to establish the institutional system of informant whistleblower protection.</i>	
Significance	Transparency and access to information	Public participation
		Public accountability
Level of performance	Not started	Limited
		Significant
		Performed
Expected results	Increasing respect for informants	
Description of the results	In autumn, 2013 the Parliament adopted Act CLXV of 2013 on complaints and public interest disclosures, proposal of the Ministry of Public Administration and Justice. The Act regulates the procedure of handling complaints and public interest disclosures, imposes guarantee requirements to the employers' breach reporting mechanisms (whistle-blowing systems), and also introduces the legal institution of lawyers for the protection of whistleblowers. In accordance with the Act the scope of authority of the commissioner for fundamental rights was extended also including the inspection of handling the reports, and from 1 January, 2014 the protected electronic system of public interest disclosures started operation, providing the opportunity through the commissioner's office for electronic and anonymous reporting.	
Next steps	Further developing the protected electronic system of public interest disclosures.	
	Further information	
	Access to the webpage: https://www.ajbh.hu/kozerdeku-bejelentes-benyujtasa	

10. Regulating rules applicable to state organs dealing with lobbyists		
Lead Agency	Ministry of Public Administration and Justice	
Other involved actors	Government	
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation	

Main objective of the commitment	Enhancing transparency of contact with lobbyists			
Description of the commitment	<i>Hungary commits itself to define the procedural rules applicable to state organs dealing with lobbyists.</i>			
Significance	Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability	
	X			
Level of performance	Not started	Limited	Significant	Performed
				X
Expected results	Enhanced awareness of state organs in respect of dealing with lobbyists.			
Description of the results	The rules applicable to dealing with lobbyists are specified in Government Decree no. 50/2013. (II. 25.) on the integrity management system of organs of public administration and on the procedural rules applicable to dealing with lobbyists entered into force on 27 March, 2013.			
Next steps	Checking compliance with the rules applicable to dealing with lobbyists			
Further information				
Access to the regulations: http://net.jogtar.hu/jr/gen/hjegy_doc.cgi?docid=A1300050.KOR				

11. Adding the corruption risk analysis to the preliminary impact assessment				
Lead Agency	Ministry of Public Administration and Justice			
Other involved actors	Government			
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation	Corruption Risks Assessment Working Group		
Main objective of the commitment	Developing corruption risks assessment			
Description of the commitment	<i>Hungary commits itself to analyse the corruption risks of the proposals to be discussed by the Government and the draft ministerial orders - within the framework of the preliminary impact assessment - prior to decision-making.</i>			
Significance	Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability	
	X			
Level of performance	Not started	Limited	Significant	Performed
			X	
Expected results	Raising awareness of the corruption risks and			

	incorporate the reduction of risks into government decision-making
Description of the results	The professional draft of the part of the impact assessment sheet on corruption risks analysis is prepared but it may only be applied at a later stage due to redefining the concept of the impact assessment methodology.
Next steps	Applying the supplemented impact assessment sheet.
Further information	

12. Elaboration Codes of Professional Ethics				
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice		
Other involved actors	Government	Ministries Government Offices		
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation	Hungarian Government Officials Corps National Body of Law Enforcement Agencies civil working group		
Main objective of the commitment		Strengthening the integrity of public administration		
Description of the commitment		<i>Hungary commits itself to prepare Codes of Professional Ethics for government officials and police law enforcement staff, to be approved by public bodies of the profession, being independent of the Government.</i>		
Significance		Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability
				X
Level of performance		Not started	Limited	Significant
Expected results		Raising awareness of government officials and police law enforcement staff of the values in performing their work		
Description of the results		Based on the Green Book prepared by the Ministry of Public Administration and Justice the National Assembly of the Hungarian Government Officials Corps approved their Code of Professional Ethics on 21 June, 2013, the General Assembly of the Hungarian Chamber of Law Enforcement approved their Code on 28 May, 2013. The Code of the Corps is available on the Corps's website from June, 2013, and entered into force on 1 September. The National University of Public Service organises regular trainings to introduce the provisions of the Code of Professional Ethics of Government Officials.		
Next steps		Disseminating knowledge and information about the codes		

Further information
Access to both codes: http://korrupciomegelozes.kormany.hu/etikai-kodexek2

13. Providing trainings on integrity, corruption prevention and ethics				
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice		
Other involved actors	Government, Public, international organisation	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Office of the Commissioner for Fundamental Rights Hungarian State Treasury Office of Public Administration and Justice State Audit Office		
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation, university	National University of Public Service Hungarian Government Officials Corps Transparency International International Anti-Corruption Academy (IACA)		
Main objective of the commitment		Shaping public awareness		
Description of the commitment		<i>Hungary commits itself to ensure trainings for the officials of public organs in the subject of integrity, corruption prevention and ethics.</i>		
Significance		Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability
		X		
Level of performance		Not started	Limited	Significant
Expected results		Contribution of the trainings to reshaping organisational culture.		
Description of the results		<p>With the involvement of the National University of Public Service several training programmes are implemented for the public organ officials:</p> <p>In the framework of the integrity adviser specialised further training started in February, 2013 about 120 integrity advisers were trained for public administration until May, 2014.</p> <p>In summer, 2013, with the involvement of the representatives of the Hungarian State Treasury and civil organisations the methodology of the new type of training was tested and also the trainers were selected and prepared. The series of training sessions on public service ethics, integrity and integrity management started from September, 2013, with the participation of government officials and leaders. The training sessions conducted until May, 2014 were attended by 8,375 employees and 751 senior government officials.</p>		

	<p>In cooperation with Hungarian Government Officials Corps and the Office of Public Administration and Justice the University organised training of government officials under the subject of the entry into force of the Code of Professional Ethics of Government Officials on 1 September, 2013, starting in July, 2013. The training of the government officials for professional ethics was carried out in the framework of a full day, six-hour qualified further training session and an e-learning session.</p> <p>The trainings on integrity, corruption prevention and ethics were incorporated into the University's bachelor, Master's degree and PhD programmes, as well as the basic and special examination subjects of public administration, so in the long run tens of thousands of persons may receive these trainings.</p>
Next steps	Further developing the training materials
Further information	
Training summaries: http://korrupciomegelozes.kormany.hu/kepzesek Access to training documents: http://korrupciomegelozes.kormany.hu/integritas-treningek-anyagai	

14. Providing freedom of information training elements in the training system of state organs					
Lead Agency		Ministry of Public Administration and Justice			
Other involved actors	Government	National Authority for Data Protection and Freedom of Information			
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation, university	National University of Public Service			
Main objective of the commitment		Strengthening the integrity of public administration			
Description of the commitment		<i>Hungary commits itself to provide, within the training systems of the public organs, for the persons working in public administration, the justice sector and at local governments, training elements related to the freedom of information, also providing clear guidance in the independent and proactive disclosure of data of public interest.</i>			
Significance		Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability	
		X			
Level of performance		Not started	Limited	Significant	Performed
			X		

Expected results	Improving quality of disclosing data of public interest
Description of the results	With the involvement of the experts of National Authority for Data Protection and Freedom of Information the National University of Public Service prepared the draft curriculum, the trainings will be conducted later.
Next steps	Organising the trainings
Further information	

15. Launching an information campaign				
Lead Agency	Ministry of Public Administration and Justice			
Other involved actors	Government	Hungarian Investment and Trade Agency		
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Civil organisations		
Main objective of the commitment	Informing citizens and civil organisations, raising their sensitivity			
Description of the commitment	<i>Hungary commits itself to launch a reliable, transparent, cost-effective information campaign, built upon the involvement of citizens and civil organisations, differentiated by target groups to increase the knowledge and awareness of the members of society on the corruption phenomena and the applicable attitude and actions against them.</i>			
Significance	Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability	
		X		
Level of performance	Not started	Limited	Significant	Performed
		X		
Expected results	Changing social attitude against corruption			
Description of the results	To present the government measures against corruption a website (http://korrupciomegelozes.kormany.hu) was launched on 1 March, 2013, soon followed by the English version: (http://corruptionprevention.gov.hu). In the framework of the information campaign the experts of the Ministry and the University regularly organised conferences and held lectures. (The event of 19 March, 2013, was organised jointly with the OECD, to which also the representatives of the civil organisations were invited.) Preparations for the press campaign started, its			

	concept was discussed with the involvement of the civil organisations, and due to the necessary public procurement procedure, the launching of the campaign is expected for 2015.
Next steps	Conducting the public procurement procedure
Further information	
Detailed information on the events: http://korrupciomegelozes.kormany.hu/rendezvenyek	

16. Including the subject of corruption prevention in the National Core Curriculum and education				
Lead Agency	Ministry of Public Administration and Justice			
Other involved actors	Government	Ministry of Human Resources Institute for Educational Research and Development		
	Civil Society, Private Sector, working group, multilateral cooperation			
Main objective of the commitment	Shaping social attitude against corruption			
Description of the commitment	<i>Hungary commits itself to ensure that the values and knowledge related to the attitude and actions applicable against the corruption phenomena are incorporated into the National Core Curriculum and education, and that the relevant textbooks on the subject are revised and supplemented with the anti-corruption information.</i>			
Significance	Transparency and access to information	Public participation	Public accountability	
		X		
Level of performance	Not started	Limited	Significant	Performed
				X
Expected results	Changing social attitude against corruption, raising social awareness			
Description of the results	The EMMI Decree No. 51/2012. (XII. 21.) on the procedure of issuing and approving the framework curriculum - in accordance with the National Core Curriculum - contains the requirements as to the knowledge of the social phenomenon of corruption and the actions against it within the framework of the subject of ethics for grades 5-8, and 11-12. Based on the new requirements education started on 1 September, 2013.			
Next steps	Organising exchange of experiences and further training for the teachers concerned.			
Further information				
Access to the regulations: http://net.jogtar.hu/jr/gen/hjegy_doc.cgi?docid=A1200051.EMM				